

Master Track RV Polarstern ARK-XV/2

Data Processing Report

Contents

1 Introduction	1
2 Workflow	1
3 Cruise details	2
4 Sensor Layout	2
5 Processing Report	3

Contact:

Dr. Rainer Knust
Alfred Wegener Institute
Columbusstrasse, D-27568 Bremerhaven, GERMANY
Tel: +49(471)4831-1709
Fax: +49(471)4831-1918
Mail: Polarstern-Coordination@awi.de

Processing Agency:

FIELAX Gesellschaft für wissenschaftliche Datenverarbeitung mbH
Schleusenstr. 14, D-27568 Bremerhaven, GERMANY
Tel: +49 (0) 471 30015 0
Fax: +49 (0) 471 30015 22
Mail: info@fielax.de

Ref.: ARK-XV_2_nav.pdf	Vers.: 1	Date: 2016/02/12	Status: final
------------------------	----------	------------------	---------------

1 Introduction

This report describes the processing of raw data acquired by position sensors on board RV Polarstern during expedition ARK-XV/2 to receive a validated master track which is used as reference of further expedition data.

2 Workflow

The different steps of processing and validation are visualized in figure 1. Unvalidated data of up to three sensors are extracted from the DAVIS SHIP data base (<https://dship.awi.de>) in a 1-second interval or 5-second interval for cruises earlier than ARK-IX/2. They are converted to ESRI point shapefiles and imported to ArcGIS. A visual screening is performed to evaluate data quality and remove outliers manually. For all resulting position tracks, a quality check is performed using a ship's speed filter, an acceleration filter and a course-change filter. Filtered positions are flagged. In addition, a manual check is performed to flag obvious outliers. Those position tracks are combined to a single master track depending on a sensor priority list (by accuracy, reliability) and availability / applied exclusion of automatically or manually flagged of data. Missing data up to a time span of 60 seconds are linearly interpolated to achieve a master track with 1-second resolution. To reduce the amount of points for overview maps the master track is generalized by using the Ramer-Douglas-Peucker algorithm. This algorithm returns only the most significant points from the track. Full master track and generalized master track are written to text files and imported to PANGAEA (<http://www.pangaea.de>) for publication.



Figure 1: Workflow of master track data processing

3 Cruise details

Vessel name	RV Polarstern
Cruise name	ARK-XV/2
Cruise start	21.07.1999 Tromsø
Cruise end	08.09.1999 Tromsø
Cruise duration	50 days

4 Sensor Layout

This chapter describes the position sensors mounted during this cruise.

Position sensors

Sensor name	System Position Information , short: System
Description	Position information delivered to the System

Sensor name	Navigation Automation Control System , short: NACOS
Description	Navigation system of the ship

Sensor name	Ashtech Z-12 , short: Ashtech
Description	GPS-Receiver

Position data from Parasound-surveys

Additionally to the up to three position sensors mounted, there are positions available extracted from the header-information of Parasound-surveys which are already processed and checked for quality and validity. If those data exist for this cruise, these data will be used instead of the derived master track. These data are identified as follows.

Sensor name	Corrected Parasound-Navigation , short: Parasound-NAV
Description	Already processed Position information from Parasound navigation

5 Processing Report

Database Extraction

Data source	DSHIP database (dship.awi.de)
Exported values	4319999
First dataset	1999-07-21T00:00:01 UTC
Last dataset	1999-09-08T23:59:59 UTC

Automatic Validation

The following thresholds were applied for the automatic flagging of the position data:

Speed	Maximum 20 kn between two datapoints.
Acceleration	Maximum 1 m/s ² between two datapoints.
Change of course	Maximum 5° between two datapoints.

Manual Validation

Obvious outliers were removed manually. For details see Processing Logbook of RV Polarstern (hdl:[10013/epic.45909](#)).

Flagging result

	System		NACOS		Ashtech	
Missing	41179	0.953%	41016	0.949%	4319999	100.000%
Speed	3529	0.082%	743	0.017%	0	0.000%
Acceleration	164023	3.797%	147674	3.418%	0	0.000%
Course	773873	17.914%	716079	16.576%	0	0.000%
Manually	350	0.008%	343	0.008%	0	0.000%

Master Track Generation

The master track is derived from the position sensors' data selected by priority.

Sensor priority used:

1. System
2. NACOS
3. Ashtech

Filters applied: manual, speed, acceleration.

Distribution of position sensor data in master track:

Sensor	Data points	Percentage
Total	4319999	100.000 %
Parasound-NAV	0	0.000 %
System	4114482	95.243 %
NACOS	18162	0.420 %
Ashtech	0	0.000 %
Interpolated	158420	3.667 %
Gaps	28935	0.670 %

Remarks

None.

Score

For each cruise, a score is calculated ranging from 0 (no data) to 100 (only very good data). the score for the cruise ARK-XV/2 is 86.

Generalization

The master track is generalized to receive a reduced set of the most significant positions of the track using the Ramer-Douglas-Peucker algorithm and allow a maximum tolerated distance between points and generalized line of 4 arcseconds.

Results:

Number of generalized points	6764 points
Data reduction	99.8434 %

Result files

Report in XML format:

The XML contains all information of the master track generation in a machine-readable format. In addition a XSD schema file is provided.

Master track text file:

The format is a plain text (tab-delimited values) file with one data row in 1 second interval.

Column separator	Tabulator "\t"	
Column 1	Date and time expressed according to ISO 8601	
Column 3	Latitude in decimal format, unit degree	
Column 4	Longitude in decimal format, unit degree	
Column 5	Flag for data source	
	0	Parasound-NAV
	1	System
	2	NACOS
	3	Ashtech
	INTERP	Interpolated point
	GAP	Missing data

Text file of the generalized master track:

The format is a plain text (tab-delimited values) file.

Column separator	Tabulator "\t"
Column 1	Date and time expressed according to ISO 8601
Column 2	Latitude in decimal format, unit degree
Column 3	Longitude in decimal format, unit degree

Processing Report:

This PDF document.

Cruise map

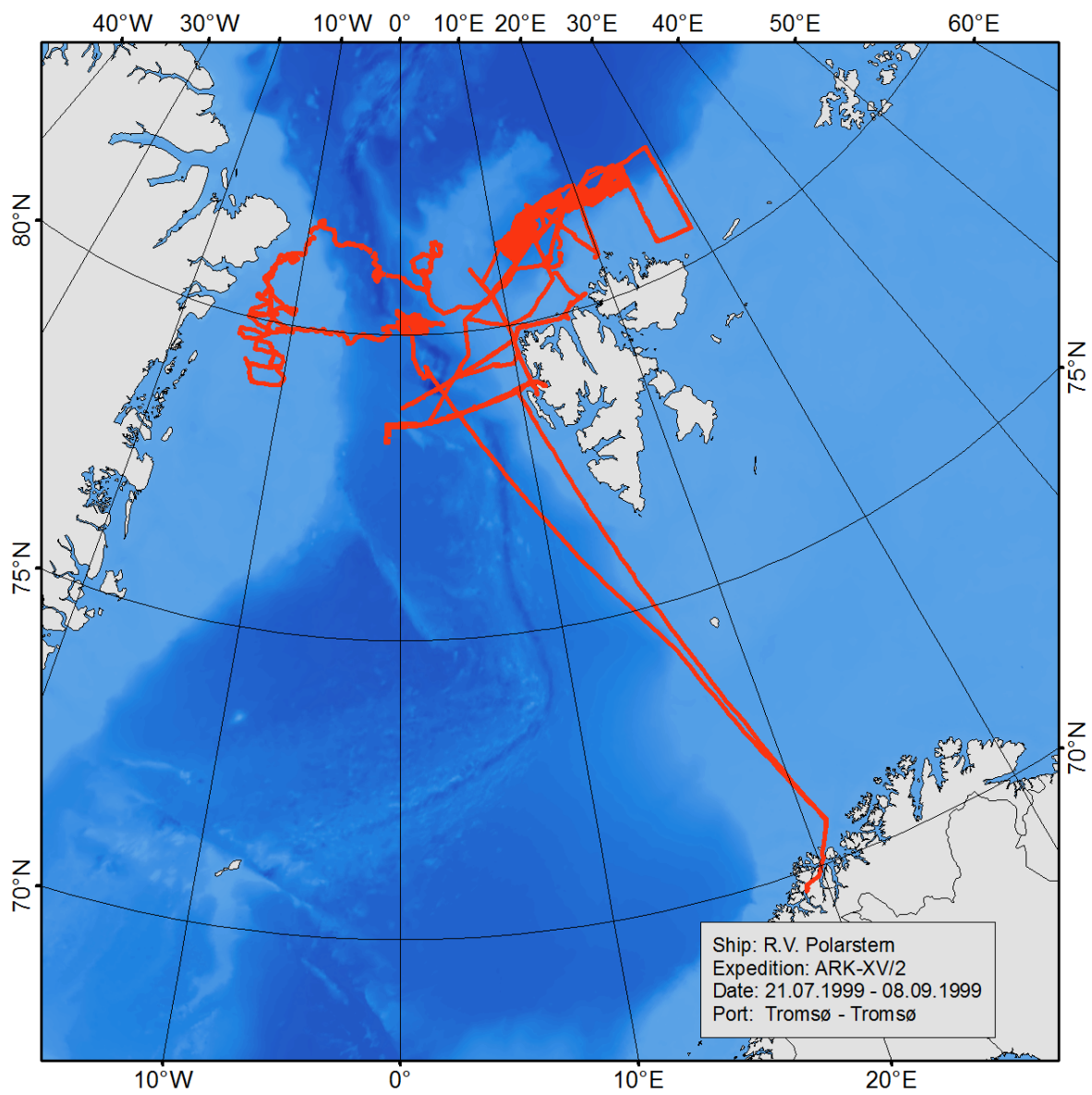


Figure 2: Map of the generalized master track