

# Master Track RV Heincke HE503

# **Data Processing Report**

Contents	,
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1	Introduction	1
2	Workflow	1
3	Sensor Layout	2
4	Processing Report	3

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# **1** Introduction

This report describes the processing of raw data acquired by position sensors on board RV Heincke during expedition HE503 to receive a validated master track which is used as reference of further expedition data.

# 2 Workflow

The different steps of processing and validation are visualized in figure 1. Unvalidated data of up to three sensors and ship-motion data are extracted from the DAVIS SHIP data base (https://dship.awi.de) in a 1-second interval. They are converted to ESRI point shapefiles and imported to ArcGIS. A visual screening is performed to evaluate data quality and remove outliers manually. The position data from each position sensor are centered to the destined master track origin by applying ship-motion data (angles of roll, pitch and heading) and lever arms. For all three resulting position tracks, a quality check is performed using a ship's speed filter and an acceleration filter. Filtered positions are flagged. In addition, a manual check is performed to flag obvious outliers. Those position tracks are combined to a single master track depending on a sensor priority list (by accuracy, reliability) and availability / applied exclusion of automatically or manually flagged of data. Missing data up to a time span of 60 seconds are linearly interpolated. To reduce the amount of points for overview maps the master track is generalized by using the Ramer-Douglas-Peucker algorithm. This algorithm returns only the most significant points from the track. Full master track and generalized master track are written to text files and imported to PANGAEA (http://www.pangaea.de) for publication.

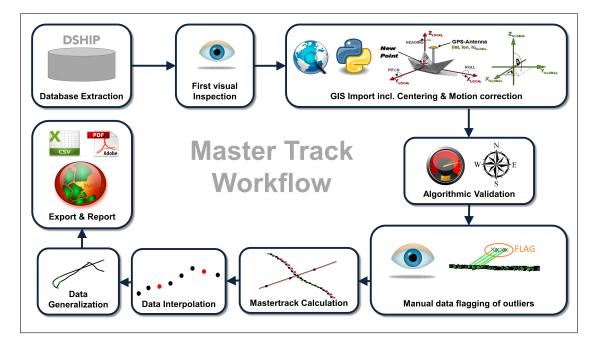


Figure 1: Workflow of master track data processing



# 3 Sensor Layout

This chapter describes the position sensors mounted during this cruise.

# Cruise details

Vessel name	RV Heincke
Cruise name	HE503
Cruise start	2018-02-21 Bremerhaven
Cruise end	2018-03-03 Bremerhaven
Cruise duration	11 days
Master track reference point:	Resulting master track is referenced to PHINS installation point.

### **Position sensors**

Sensor name	IXSEA PHINS III, short: PHINS				
Description	Inertial navigation system with reference positions from Trimble DGPS				
Accuracy	$\pm$ 0.5-3.0 m				
Installation point	Electrician's workshop, close to COG				
Installation offset	Offset from master trackreference point to sensor installation pointXPositive to bow0.000 mYPositive to starboard0.000 mZPositive upwards0.000 m				

Sensor name	Trimble Marine SPS461, short: Trimble					
Description	DGPS-Receiver, correction type DGPS RTCM 2.x, correction source					
	DGPS Base via radio					
Accuracy	Horizontal: $\pm$ 0.25 m + 1 ppm & Vertical: $\pm$ 0.50 m + 1 ppm					
Installation point	Observational Deck, fore rail					
Installation offset	Offset from master trackreference point to sensor installation pointXPositive to bow13.648 mYPositive to starboard2.976 mZPositive upwards11.406 m					

Sensor name	SAAB R5 SUPREME NAV, short: SAAB				
Description	DGPS-Receiver, SBAS-correction with RTCM-104 input				
Accuracy	GPS: $\pm$ 3.0 m; DGPS (2D RMS): $\pm$ 1.0 m				
Installation point	Observational Deck, fore rail				
Installation offset	Offset from master track reference point to sensor installation pointXPositive to bow12.985 mYPositive to starboardZPositive upwards11.328 m				



#### Motion sensor

Sensor name	IXSEA PHINS III, short: PHINS		
Description	Inertial navigation system with reference positions from Trimble DGPS		
Accuracy	$\pm$ 0.01 roll, $\pm$ 0.01 pitch, $\pm$ 0.05 heading (deg)		
Installation point	Electrician's workshop, close to COG		

# **4 Processing Report**

#### **Database Extraction**

Data source	DSHIP database (dship.awi.de)		
Exported values	883178		
First dataset	2018-02-21T07:10:23 UTC		
Last dataset	2018-03-03T12:30:00 UTC		

#### **Centering & Motion Compensation**

Each position track has been centered to the *PHINS installation point* by applying the correspondent motion angles for heading, roll and pitch as well as the installation offsets from chapter 3. The motion data were acquired by IXSEA PHINS III.

#### **Automatic Validation**

The following thresholds were applied for the automatic flagging of the position data:

Speed	Maximum 20 kn between two datapoints.		
Acceleration	Maximum 1 m/s <sup>2</sup> between two datapoints.		
Change of course	Maximum 5° between two datapoints.		

#### **Manual Validation**

Obvious outliers were removed manually. For details see Processing Logbook of RV Heincke (hdl:10013/epic.45841).

#### Flagging result

	PHINS		Trimble		SAAB	
Missing	0	0.000%	4	0.000%	4	0.000%
Speed	0	0.000%	8	0.001%	8	0.001%
Acceleration	633	0.072%	74	0.008%	9	0.001%
Course	216704	24.537%	264191	29.914%	269429	30.507%
Manually	0	0.000%	0	0.000%	0	0.000%



#### Master Track Generation

The master track is derived from the position sensors' data selected by priority.

Sensor priority used:

- 1. PHINS
- 2. Trimble
- 3. SAAB

Filters applied: manual, speed, acceleration.

Distribution of position sensor data in master track:

Sensor	Data points	Percentage
Total	883178	100.000 %
PHINS	882545	99.928 %
Trimble	633	0.072%
SAAB	0	0.000%
Interpolated	0	0.000%
Gaps	0	0.000%

#### Remarks

Ν

#### Score

For each cruise, a score is calculated ranging from 0 (no data) to 100 (only very good data). the score for the cruise HE503 is 98.

#### Generalization

The master track is generalized to receive a reduced set of the most significant positions of the track using the Ramer-Douglas-Peucker algorithm and allow a maximum tolerated distance between points and generalized line of 4 arcseconds.

Results:

Number of generalized points	597 points
Data reduction	99.9324 %



#### **Result files**

Master track text file:

The format is a plain text (tab-delimited values) file with one data row in 1 second interval.

Column separator	Tabulator "	\t"
Column 1	Date and time expressed according to ISO 8601	
Column 2	Latitude in decimal format, unit degree	
Column 3	Longitude in decimal format, unit degree	
Column 4	Flag for data source	
	1	PHINS
	2	Trimble
	3	SAAB
	INTERP	Interpolated point
	GAP	Missing data

Text file of the generalized master track:

The format is a plain text (tab-delimited values) file.

Column separator	Tabulator "\t"
Column 1	Date and time expressed according to ISO 8601
Column 2	Latitude in decimal format, unit degree
Column 3	Longitude in decimal format, unit degree

Processing Report:

This PDF document.



### Cruise map

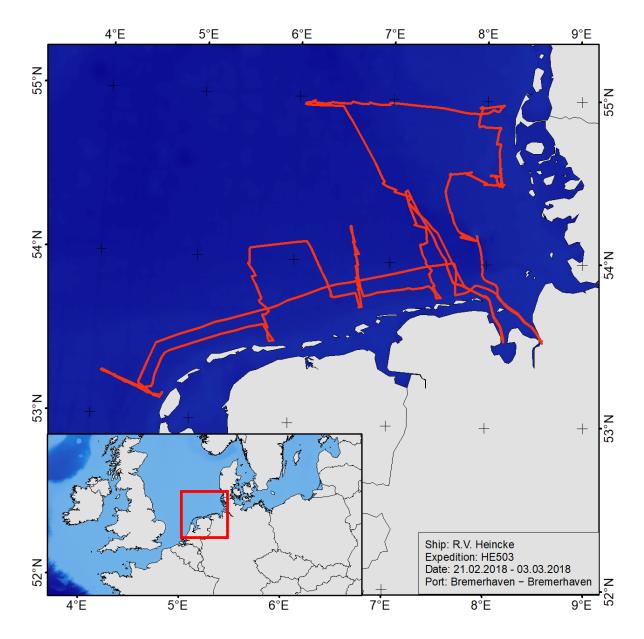


Figure 2: Map of the generalized master track