



# **Master Track RV Heincke HE532**

# **Data Processing Report**

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### 1 Introduction

This report describes the processing of raw data acquired by position sensors on board RV Heincke during expedition HE532 to receive a validated master track which is used as reference of further expedition data.

#### 2 Workflow

The different steps of processing and validation are visualized in figure 1. Unvalidated data of up to three sensors and ship-motion data are extracted from the DAVIS SHIP data base (https://dship.awi.de) in a 1-second interval. They are converted to ESRI point shapefiles and imported to ArcGIS. A visual screening is performed to evaluate data quality and remove outliers manually. The position data from each position sensor are centered to the destined master track origin by applying ship-motion data (angles of roll, pitch and heading) and lever arms. For all three resulting position tracks, a quality check is performed using a ship's speed filter and an acceleration filter. Filtered positions are flagged. In addition, a manual check is performed to flag obvious outliers. Those position tracks are combined to a single master track depending on a sensor priority list (by accuracy, reliability) and availability / applied exclusion of automatically or manually flagged of data. Missing data up to a time span of 60 seconds are linearly interpolated. To reduce the amount of points for overview maps the master track is generalized by using the Ramer-Douglas-Peucker algorithm. This algorithm returns only the most significant points from the track. Full master track and generalized master track are written to text files and imported to PANGAEA (http://www.pangaea.de) for publication.

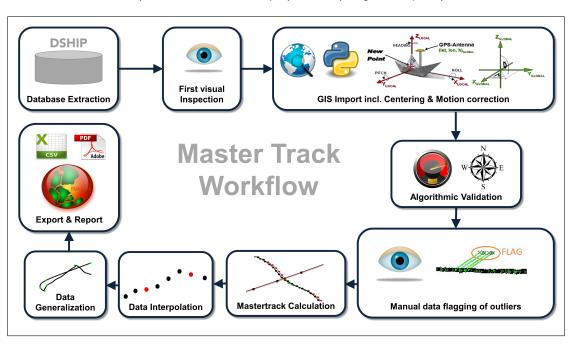


Figure 1: Workflow of master track data processing



# 3 Sensor Layout

This chapter describes the position sensors mounted during this cruise.

## Cruise details according to Cruise Report https://www.pangaea.de/expeditions/

Vessel name RV Heincke

Cruise name HE532

Cruise start 2019-05-08 Bremerhaven
Cruise end 2019-05-14 Bremerhaven

Cruise duration 6 days

Master track reference point: Resulting master track is referenced to PHINS installation point.

#### **Position sensors**

Sensor name	IXSEA PHINS III, short: PHINS			
Description	Inertial navigation system with reference positions from Trimble DGPS			
Accuracy	$\pm$ 0.5-3.0 m			
Installation point	Electrician's workshop, close to COG			
Installation offset	Offset from master track reference point to sensor installation point X Positive to bow 0.000 m Y Positive to starboard 0.000 m Z Positive upwards 0.000 m			

Sensor name	Trimble Marine SPS461, short: Trimble				
Description	DGPS-Receiver, correction type DGPS RTCM 2.x, correction source				
	DGPS Base via radio				
Accuracy	Horizontal: $\pm$ 0.25 m + 1 ppm & Vertical: $\pm$ 0.50 m + 1 ppm				
Installation point	Observational Deck, fore rail				
Installation offset	Offset from master track reference point to sensor installation point X Positive to bow 13.648 m Y Positive to starboard 2.976 m Z Positive upwards 11.406 m				

Sensor name	SAAB R5 SUPREME NAV, short: SAAB				
Description	DGPS-Receiver, SBAS-correction with RTCM-104 input				
Accuracy	GPS: $\pm$ 3.0 m; DGPS (2D RMS): $\pm$ 1.0 m				
Installation point	Observational Deck, fore rail				
Installation offset	Offset from master track reference point to sensor installation point X Positive to bow 12.985 m Y Positive to starboard 2.958 m Z Positive upwards 11.328 m				



#### **Motion sensor**

Sensor name	IXSEA PHINS III, short: PHINS	
Description Inertial navigation system with reference positions from Trimble DGI		
Accuracy	$\pm$ 0.01 roll, $\pm$ 0.01 pitch, $\pm$ 0.05 heading (deg)	
Installation point	Electrician's workshop, close to COG	

## **4 Processing Report**

#### **Database Extraction**

Data source	DSHIP database (dship.awi.de)	
Exported values 529201		
First dataset 2019-05-08T05:00:00 UTC		
Last dataset	2019-05-14T08:00:00 UTC	

### **Centering & Motion Compensation**

Each position track has been centered to the *PHINS installation point* by applying the correspondent motion angles for heading, roll and pitch as well as the installation offsets from chapter 3. The motion data were acquired by IXSEA PHINS III.

#### **Automatic Validation**

The following thresholds were applied for the automatic flagging of the position data:

Speed Maximum 20 kn between two datapoints.	
Acceleration Maximum 1 m/s <sup>2</sup> between two datapoints.	
Change of course	Maximum 5° between two datapoints.

#### **Manual Validation**

Obvious outliers were removed manually. For details see Processing Logbook of RV Heincke (hdl:10013/epic.45841).

### Flagging result

	PHINS		Trimble		SAAB	
Missing	0	0.000%	590	0.111%	0	0.000%
Speed	0	0.000%	898	0.170%	0	0.000%
Acceleration	686	0.130%	849	0.160%	89	0.017%
Course	66204	12.510%	93888	17.741%	92006	17.386%
Manually	0	0.000%	0	0.000%	0	0.000%



#### **Master Track Generation**

The master track is derived from the position sensors' data selected by priority.

Sensor priority used:

- 1. PHINS
- 2. Trimble
- 3. SAAB

Filters applied: manual, speed, acceleration.

Distribution of position sensor data in master track:

Sensor	Data points	Percentage
Total	529201	100.000%
PHINS	528515	99.870%
Trimble	686	0.130%
SAAB	0	0.000%
Interpolated	0	0.000%
Gaps	0	0.000%

#### Remarks

None.

#### **Score**

For each cruise, a score is calculated ranging from 0 (no data) to 100 (only very good data). the score for the cruise HE532 is 99.

### Generalization

The master track is generalized to receive a reduced set of the most significant positions of the track using the Ramer-Douglas-Peucker algorithm and allow a maximum tolerated distance between points and generalized line of 4 arcseconds.

#### Results:

Number of generalized points	338 points
Data reduction	99.9361 %

#### **Result files**

Master track text file:



## The format is a plain text (tab-delimited values) file with one data row in 1 second interval.

Column separator	Tabulator "\t"	
Column 1	Date and time expressed according to ISO 8601	
Column 2	Latitude in decimal format, unit degree	
Column 3	Longitude in decimal format, unit degree	
Column 4	Flag for data source	
	1	PHINS
	2	Trimble
	3	SAAB
	INTERP	Interpolated point
	GAP	Missing data

## Text file of the generalized master track:

The format is a plain text (tab-delimited values) file.

Column separator	Tabulator "\t"
Column 1	Date and time expressed according to ISO 8601
Column 2	Latitude in decimal format, unit degree
Column 3	Longitude in decimal format, unit degree

## Processing Report:

This PDF document.



# Cruise map

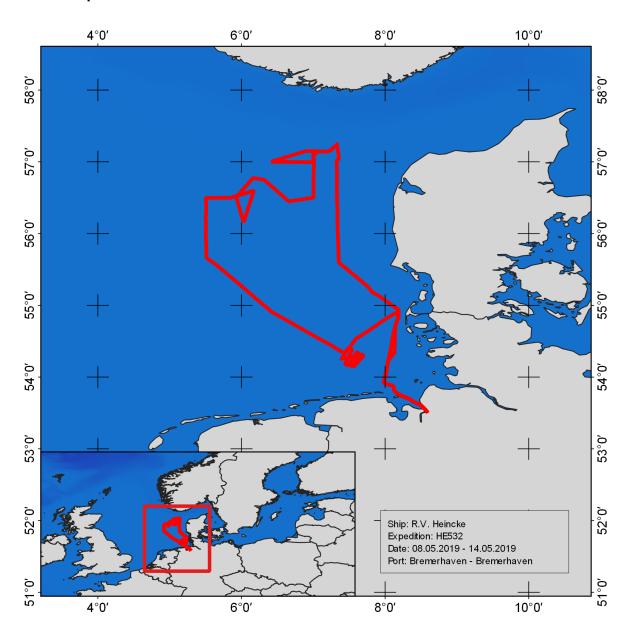


Figure 2: Map of the generalized master track