



Supplement of

Wildfire history of the boreal forest of south-western Yakutia (Siberia) over the last two millennia documented by a lake-sediment charcoal record

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Supplement

Overview of the different charcoal size classes (S1–S3) and morphotype classes (S4–S6) in both the classic and robust analysis approach, separated by vertical dashed lines representing the different phases of the fire regime.

For each figure: (a) Classic CHAR peak component (dark-grey bars = signal, light-grey bars = noise, dashed horizontal line = threshold). (b) SNI of the classic CHAR peak component after Kelly et al. (2011) (red horizontal line = SNI cutoff value of 3). (c) Classic CHAR sum (black line = interpolated CHAR, blue line = LOESS representing the CHAR background component, red vertical lines = fire episodes with SNI >3, grey vertical lines = fire episodes with SNI <3). (d) Robust CHAR background component. (e) Robust CHAR peak component (red areas = above-average values). (f) Robust CHAR sum. For (d)–(f): black line = median, grey area = interquartile range.

S1: Size class 150–300 μm

S2: Size class 300–500 μm

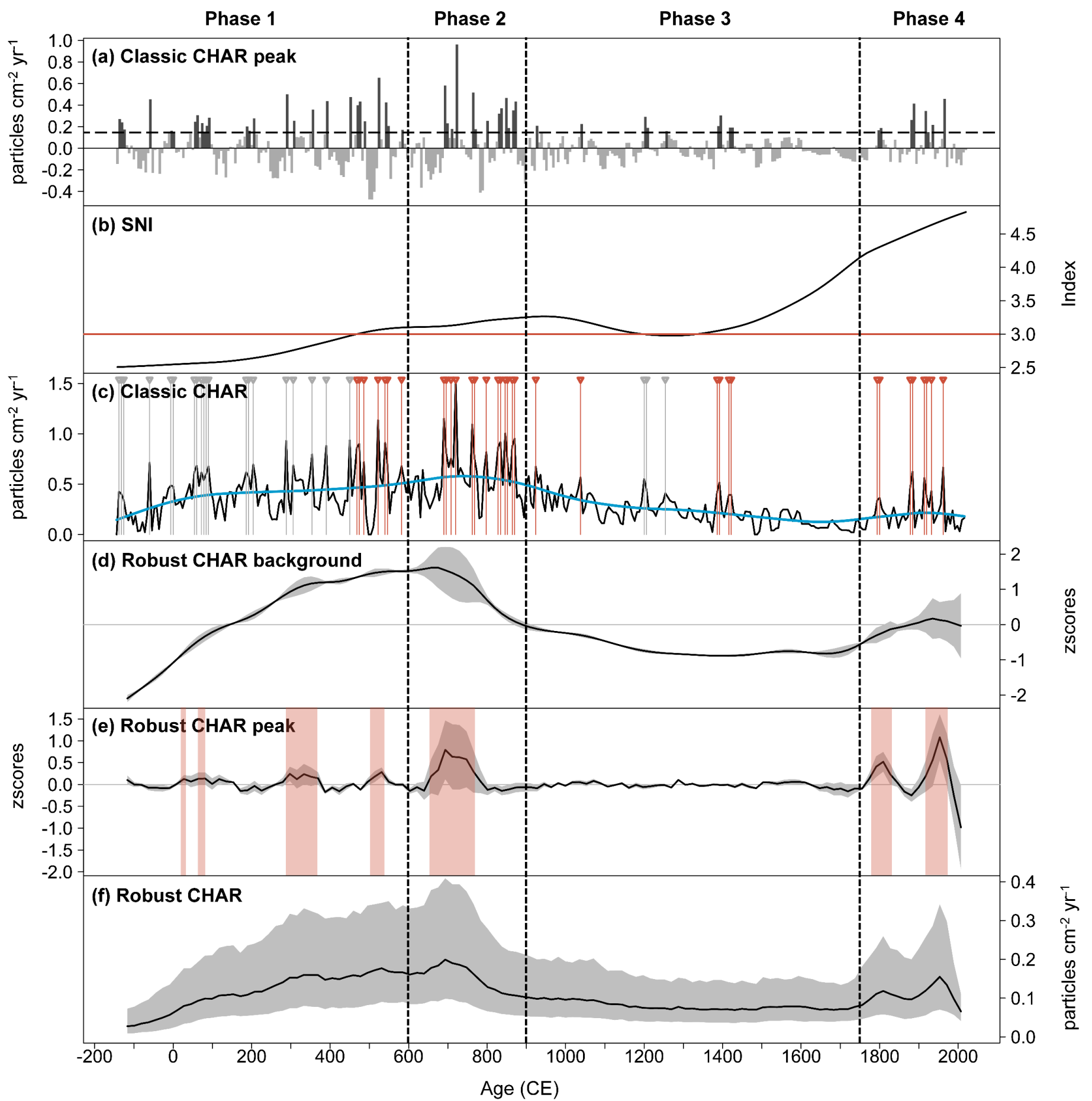
S3: Size class >500 μm

S4: Angular morphotypes (S, B, C)

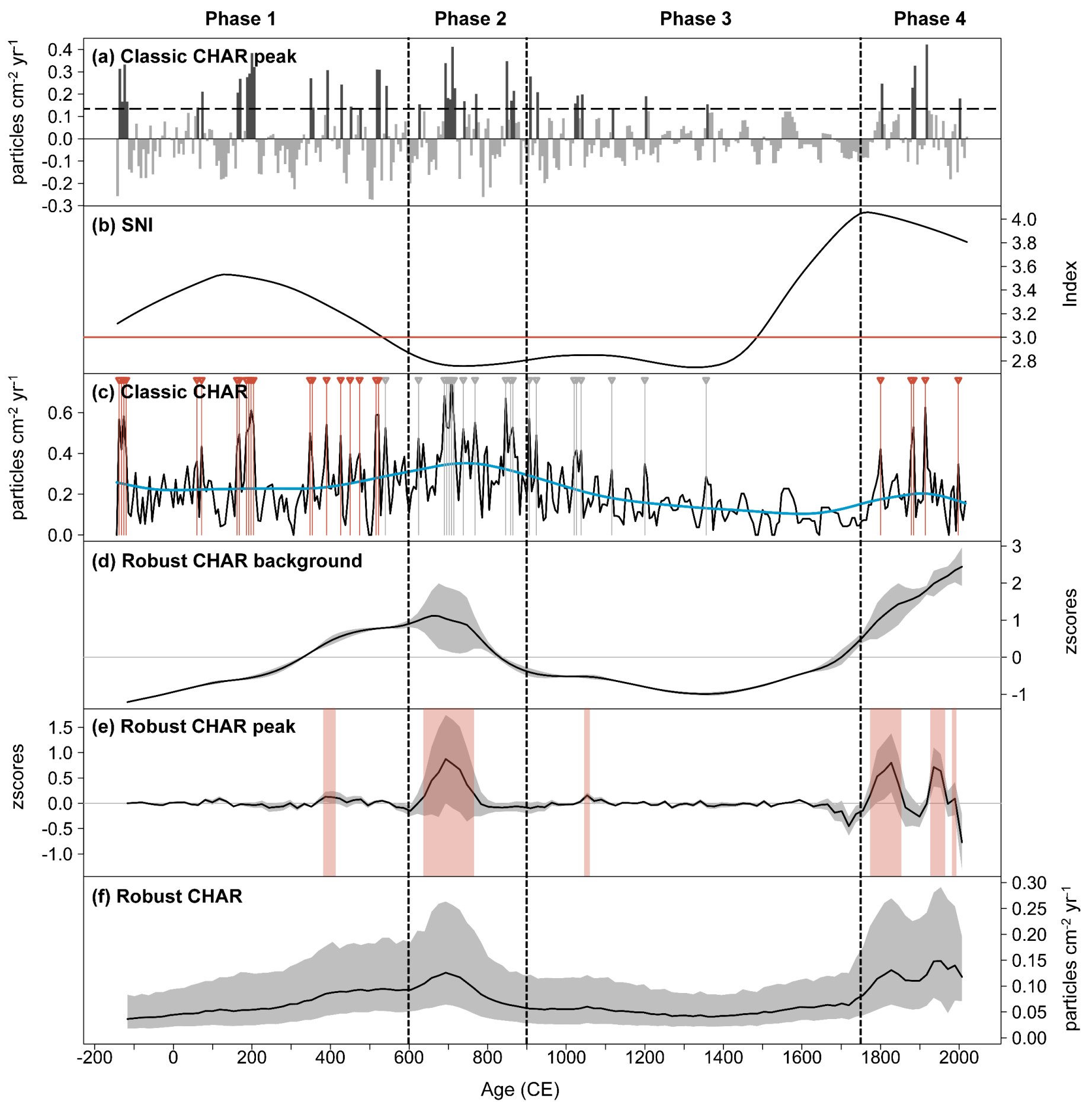
S5: Elongated morphotypes (F, D, E)

S6: Irregular morphotypes (M, P, X)

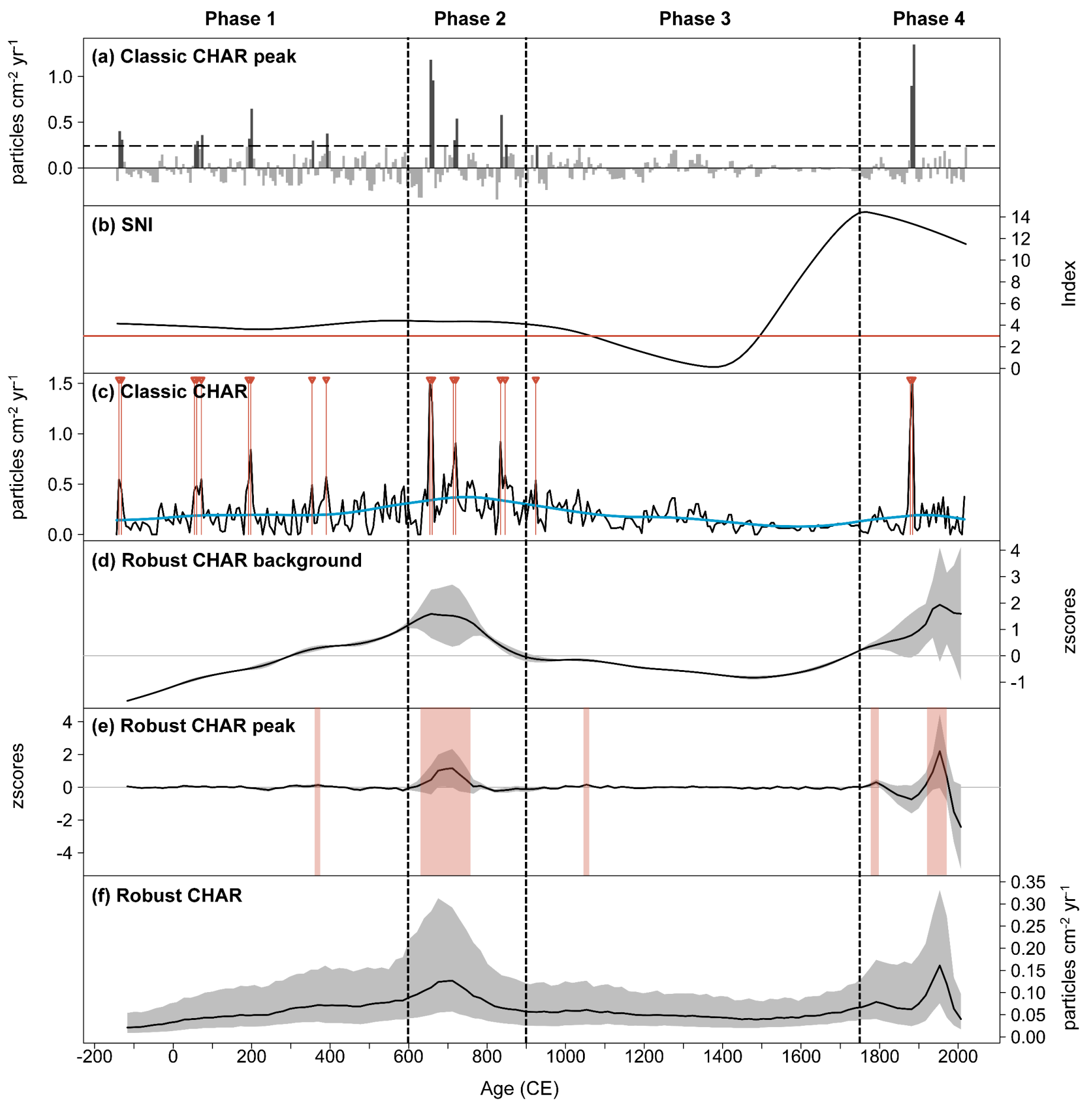
S1: Size class 150–300 μm



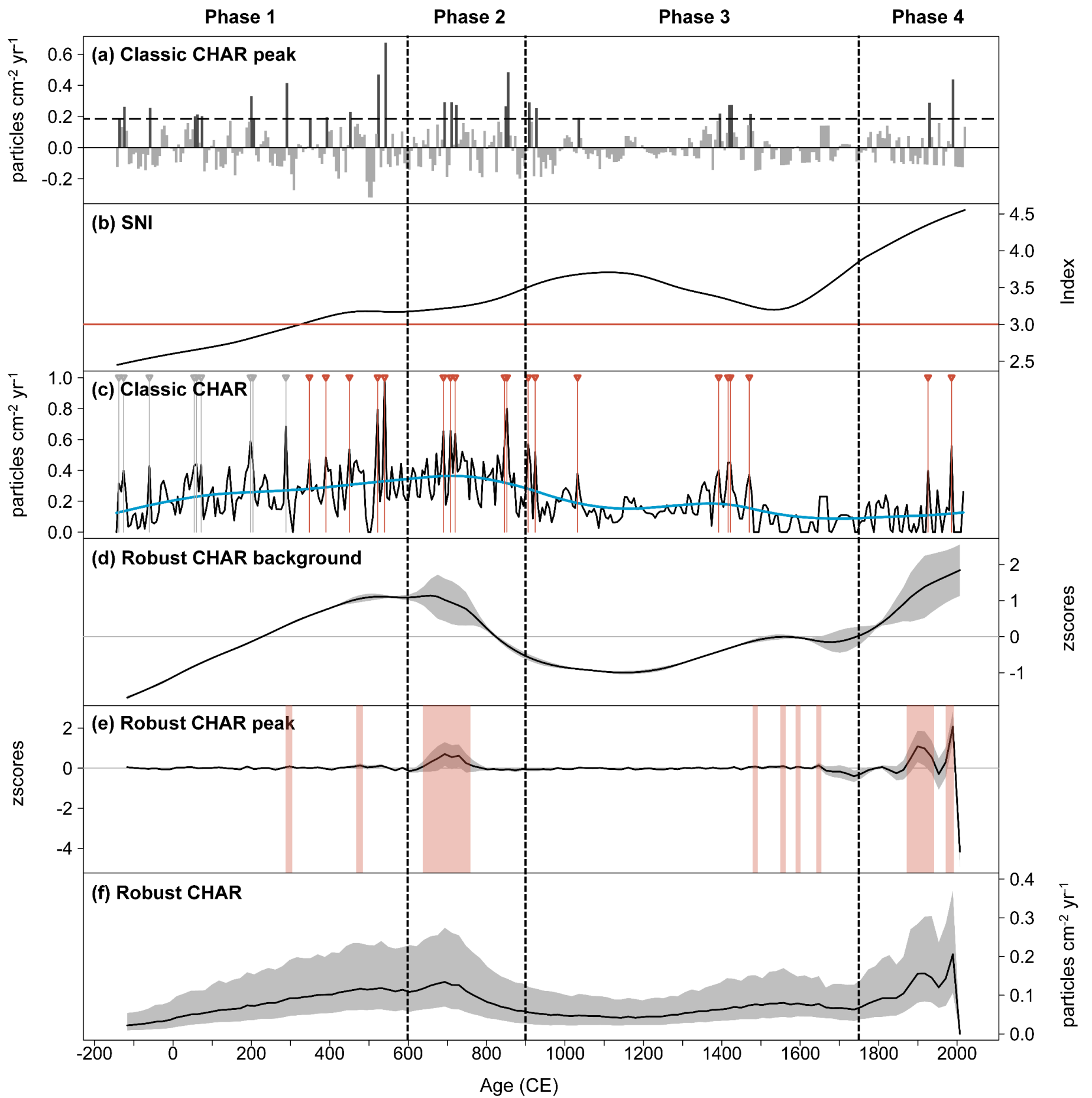
S2: Size class 300–500 μm



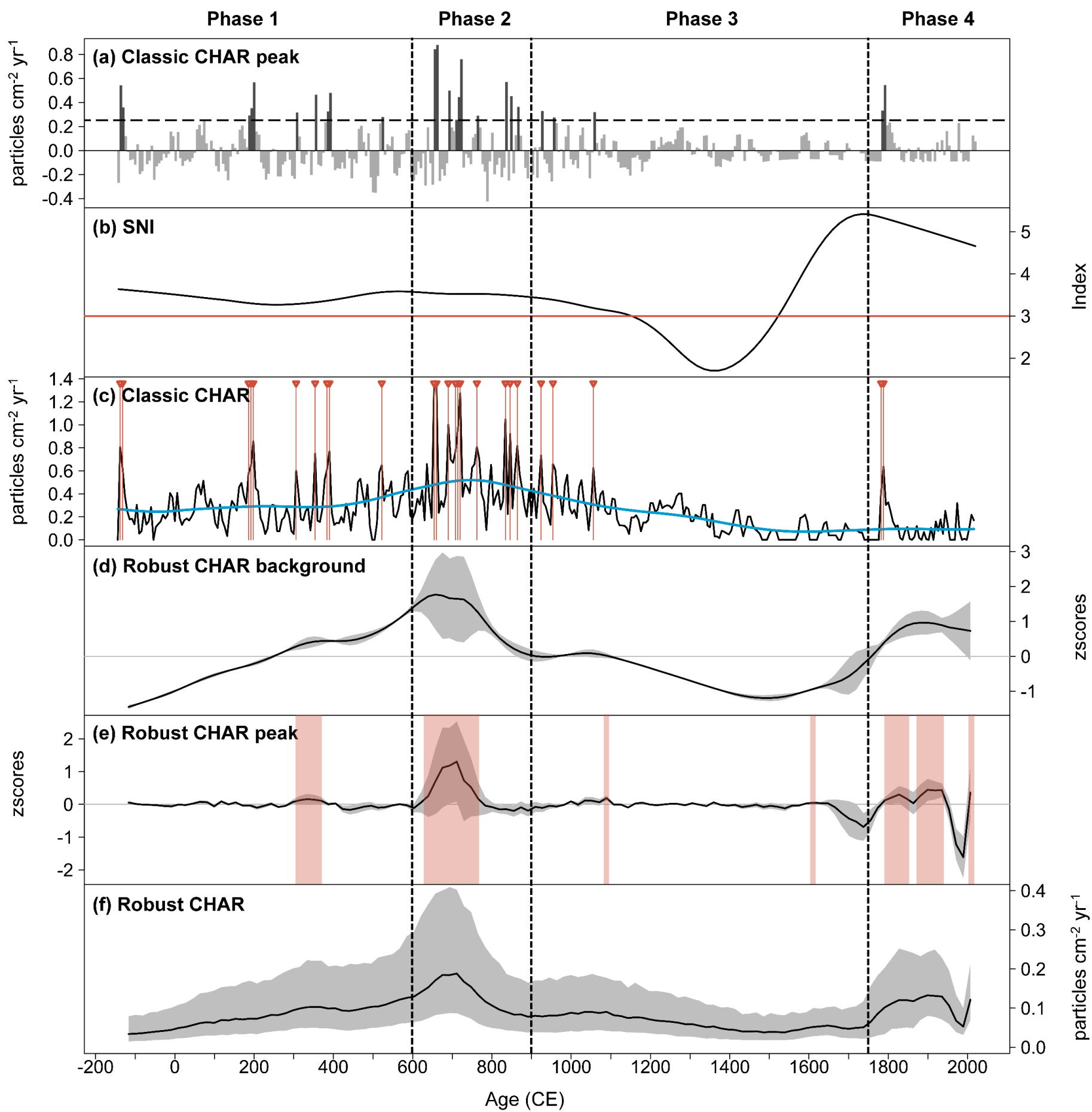
S3: Size class >500 μm



S4: Angular morphotypes



S5: Elongated morphotypes



S6: Irregular morphotypes

