

Core no. 13291-1 K.C. N 18° 07.10' W 18° 04.5': 2696 m b.s.l.

Age control:

Date: 1993

- ^{18}O record of *G. ruber* (Hommers, 1989).
 - AMS ^{14}C analogue stratigraphy (Hommers, 1989; suppl. by Voelker, 1993).

Core fit:

- None

Surface sediment age :

- Zero, assuming no sediment loss at top of gravity core 13291-1.

Age/depth correlation :

Orig. depth [cm]	¹⁴ C age [ky BP]	Calendar years [ka]	Sed.rate [cm/ky]	Original interval/ material/ $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ stratigraphy	Remarks
0		0	-. -		
51	9.1	9.8	5.2	AMS ¹⁴ C analogue	
59		11.6	4.4	Top Younger Dryas GISP2	
100	14.8	18.3	a)	AMS ¹⁴ C analogue	
164	26	29.5	5.7	AMS ¹⁴ C analogue	

a) after Bard et al., (1990).

Remarks:

- None

Original references:

- Voelker, A. (1993): Eiseneintrag durch Saharastaub in den Ostatlantik in den letzten 30.000 Jahren: Ein Test der "Iron Hypothesis". - Unpublished Diplomarbeit, Univ. Kiel, 53 pp.
 - Hommers, H. (1989): Riesenkörner in Staubsedimenten von zwei Tiefseekernen vor Senegal, NW-Afrika (18°N , 18°W). - Unpublished Diplomarbeit, Univ. Kiel, 35 pp.

LGM time slice:

- GLAMAP: 100-160 cm orig. depth in core (-1)
 - EPILOG: 113-179 cm orig. depth in core (-1)

LGM foraminifera counts: Pflaumann (UP)

- GLAMAP: (in core -1) 100, 110, 120, 130, 138, 144, 150, 160 cm orig. depth.
 - EPILOG: (in core -1) 120, 130, 138, 144, 150, 160 cm orig. depth.

References for faunal analysis:

- Pflaumann et al., Paleoceanography, in prep.

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